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## Outer joint part with supporting disc

Description

The invention relates to an outer joint part of a constant velocity universal joint in the form of a joint bell with an attached connecting journal and a radial supporting face at the joint bell at the base of the connecting journal, wherein the outer joint part, by means of threading means, can be clamped to a wheel hub which has to be slid on to the connecting journal and which is supported either directly or indirectly on the supporting face.

Furthermore, the invention relates to an assembly consisting of a constant velocity universal joint with an outer joint part in the form of a joint bell with an attached connecting journal and a radial supporting face at the joint bell at the base of the connecting journal, as well as of a wheel hub which is slid on to the connecting journal and which, via threading means, is clamped to the outer joint part, wherein the wheel hub is directly or indirectly supported on the supporting face.

Assemblies of this type are used in the region of wheel bearings of driven motor vehicle wheels. The constant velocity universal joint forms the joint at the wheel end of driveshafts or sideshafts of motor vehicles. When mounting the shafts to the hub assembly, there takes place an axial clamping operation between the wheel hub and the outer joint part via threading means, wherein mutual support is effected either via the inner bearing races of a wheel bearing attached to the wheel hub or via the wheel hub itself, in each case relative

to a supporting face at the outer joint part. When the vehicle is in use, in spite of high clamping forces, the occurance of micro movements at the supporting face of the outer joint part is possible which generate a great deal of noise. Said micro movements are the result of a non-uniform introduction of force and possibly also of rotating bending moments. Even if the surfaces contacting one another are very carefully machined, it has so far not been possible to avoid said noise development.

It is therefore the object of the present invention to solve said problem by suppressing the development of noise. Said solution consists in providing an outer joint part of said type which is characterised by an annular disc which is made of a low-friction material and which is positioned on the supporting face so as to be concentric relative to the connecting journal. More particularly, the annular disc can comprise a cylindrical portion which starts from the outer edge of same and is positioned on a suitable cylindrical portion at the joint bell in a force-locking way, i.e. under a radial pretension.

Accordingly an assembly consisting of a constant velocity universal joint and a wheel hub of said type is thus characterised in that there is provided an annular disc which is made of a low-friction material, which is positioned directly on the supporting face so as to be concentric relative to the connecting journal and which accommodates the clamping forces of the threading means. According to a first embodiment it is proposed that on to the wheel hub there are slipped bearing means which are axially pretensioned by threading means and whose inner bearing races are axially supported on the wheel hub on the one hand and on the annular disc on the other hand under the load of the threading means. Alternatively, bearing

means are slipped on to the wheel hub, with the inner bearing races of said bearing means being clamped to the wheel hub by an annular bead at the wheel hub, with the annular bead being directly supported on the annular disc under the load of the threading means. The annular bead is produced by plastically deforming the wheel hub after the bearing means have been slipped on. The low-friction annular disc is selected in such a way that the micro movements which are now divided up between the annular disc and the outer joint part on the one hand and the annular disc and the inner bearing race or beading on the other hand can no longer lead to any noise.

According to a first proposal, the annular disc consists of an iron material and comprises a coating of Molykote D321R. Before the coating is applied, the annular disc can be phosphated or sandblasted. A further possibility consists in the annular disc consisting of bronze or non-ferrous metal. Finally, according to a further embodiment it is possible for the annular disc to consist of suitable, high-resistance, optionally fibre-reinforced plastics.

Preferred embodiments of the invention are illustrated in the drawings which will be described below and wherein

Figure 1 is a longitudinal section through a constant velocity universal joint having an inventive outer joint part with a supporting disc.

Figure 2 is a longitudinal section through a first embodiment of an inventive assembly consisting of a constant velocity universal joint and a wheel hub.

Figure 3 is a longitudinal section through a second embodiment of an inventive assembly consisting of a constant velocity

universal joint and a wheel hub.

Figure 4 is a longitudinal section through a modified embodiment of an inventive assembly similar to that shown in Figure 2.

Figure 5 is a longitudinal section through a modified embodiment of an inventive assembly similar to that shown in Figure 3.

Figure 1 shows a constant velocity universal joint 11 which comprises an inventive outer joint part 12, an inner joint part 13, a cage 14 as well as one of a plurality of torque transmitting balls. The inventive outer joint part 12 comprises a joint bell 16, a connecting journal 17 attached thereto as well as a radial supporting face 18 arranged concentrically relative to said connecting journal 17. On the outside of the connecting journal 17 there is provided shaft teeth 19 to provide a torque transmitting engagement with a wheel hub 25 as well as an inner bore 20 with an inner thread 21 for threading in a tensioning screw. On to the radial supporting face 18, there is placed a supporting disc 22 which, at its outer circumference, changes into a cylindrical portion 23 which is held in a form-fitting and positive way on a cylindrical step 24 of the outer joint part 12.

In Figure 2, any details identical to those shown in Figure 1 have been given the same reference numbers. A wheel hub 25 which, by means of counter teeth 26, form-fittingly and positively engages the shaft teeth 19 has been slipped on to the connecting journal 17. The wheel hub 25 is followed by a wheel flange 27 which is connected to a brake disc 28 in a way not shown in greater detail. Via a tensioning bolt 29 whose bolt head 30 is supported on the wheel flange 27 and which is

threaded into the inner thread 21 of the through-aperture 20, the wheel hub is clamped to the outer joint part 12. On to the wheel hub 25, there is slipped a double-row wheel bearing 34 whose inner bearing races 32, 33 are axially supported on the one hand on a step 35 of the wheel flange 27 and, on the other hand, on the supporting disc 22 under the pretensioning force of the bolt 29. The outer bearing race 31 of the wheel bearing 34 has been inserted into a wheel carrier 36. In the type of wheel bearing selected, the pretension of the bearing is set by the tensioning bolt 29.

In Figure 3, any details identical to those shown in Figure 1 have been given the same reference numbers. A wheel hub 25 which, by means of counter teeth 26, form-fittingly and positively engages the shaft teeth 19 has been slipped on to the connecting journal 17. The wheel hub 25 is followed by a wheel flange 27 which is connected to a brake disc 28 in a way not shown in greater detail. Via a tensioning bolt 29 whose bolt head 30 is supported on the wheel flange 27 and which is threaded into the inner thread 21 of the through-aperture 20, the wheel hub is clamped to the outer joint part 12. On to the wheel hub 17 there is slipped a wheel bearing 34 whose inner bearing races 32, 33 are supported on a step 35 of the wheel flange 27 and axially tensioned and fixed by a beading 39 of the wheel hub 25. By means of an annular face, said beading 39 rests against the abutment disc 22 under the pretensioning force of the bolt 29. In this case, too, the outer bearing race 31 of the wheel bearing 34 is inserted into a wheel carrier 36. The pretension of the bearing is determined by the production proceedings and the shape of the beading.

In Figure 4, any details which are identical to those shown in Figure 2 have been given the same reference numbers. To that extent, reference is made to the description of Figure 2. The

parts illustrated have slightly different geometries, with the bolt head 30 of the bolt 29, more particularly, clearly deviating. The brake disc is not shown. The wheel bearing is shown in its entirety, including seals and bearing cages. The outer bearing race is integral with the wheel carrier 36. The wheel flange 27 and the wheel carrier 36 are shown to have flange holes 37, 38. The supporting disc 22 prevents direct contact between the inner bearing race 33 and the supporting face 18 of the outer joint part 16, so that, under load, relative micro movements are accommodated by the supporting disc in a noise-free way.

In Figure 5, any details which are identical to those shown in Figure 2 have been given the same reference numbers. To that extent, reference is made to the description of Figure 2. The parts illustrated have slightly different geometries, with the bolt head 30 of the bolt 29, more particularly, clearly deviating. The brake disc is not shown. The wheel bearing is shown in its entirety, including seals and bearing cages. The outer bearing race is integral with the wheel carrier 36. The wheel flange 27 and the wheel carrier 36 are shown to have flange holes 37, 38. The supporting disc 22 prevents direct contact between the beading 39 and the supporting face 18 of the outer joint part 16, so that, under load, relative micro movements are accommodated by the supporting disc in a noise-free way.

## Outer joint part with supporting disc

## List of reference numbers

11	constant velocity universal joint
12	outer joint part
13	inner joint part
14	ball cage
15	ball
16	bell
17	connecting journal
18	supporting face
19	shaft teeth
20	bore
21	thread
22	annular disc
23	cylindrical portion
24	cylindrical portion
25	wheel hub
26	inner teeth
27	wheel flange
28	brake disc
29	bolt
30	bolt head
31	outer bearing race
32	inner bearing race
33	inner bearing race
34	wheel bearing
35	supporting face
36	wheel carrier
37	bolt hole

38 bolt hole 39 beading